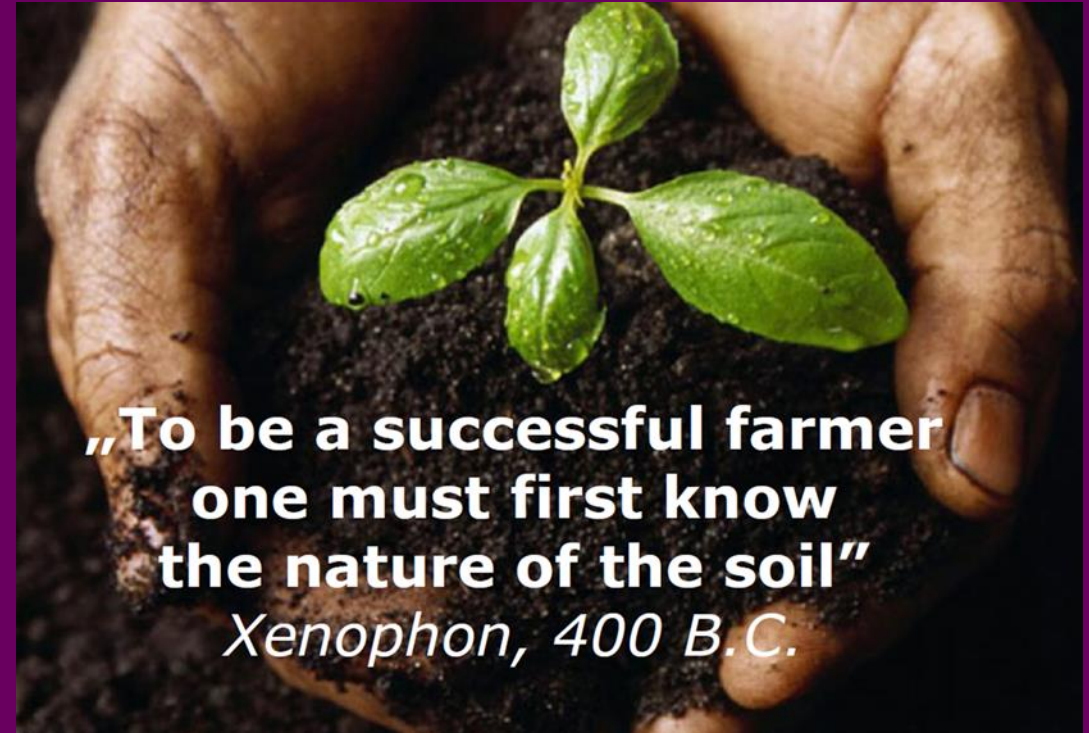
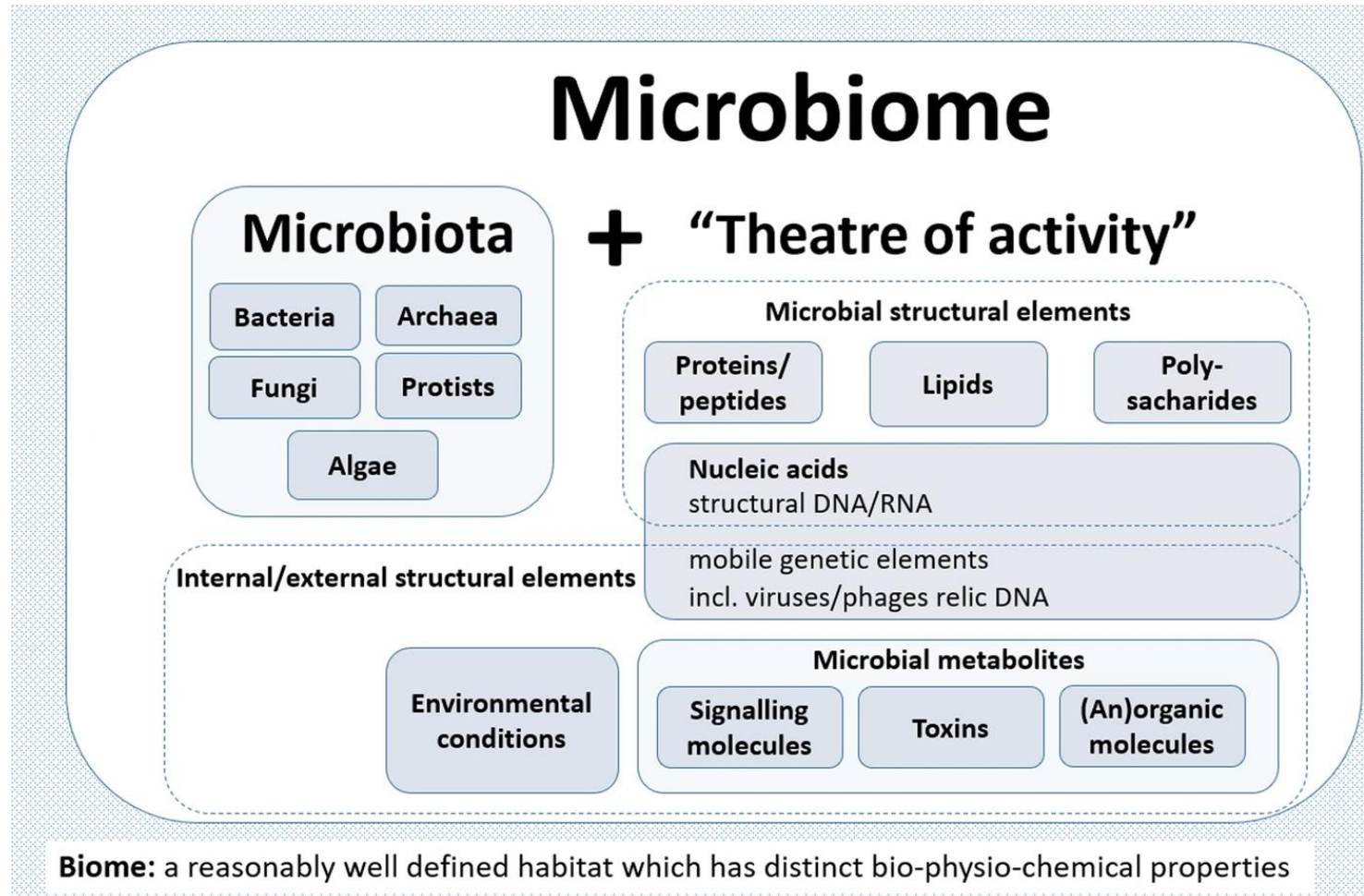


Microbiome and the corresponding functional potentials (





Soils as hotspot for biodiversity

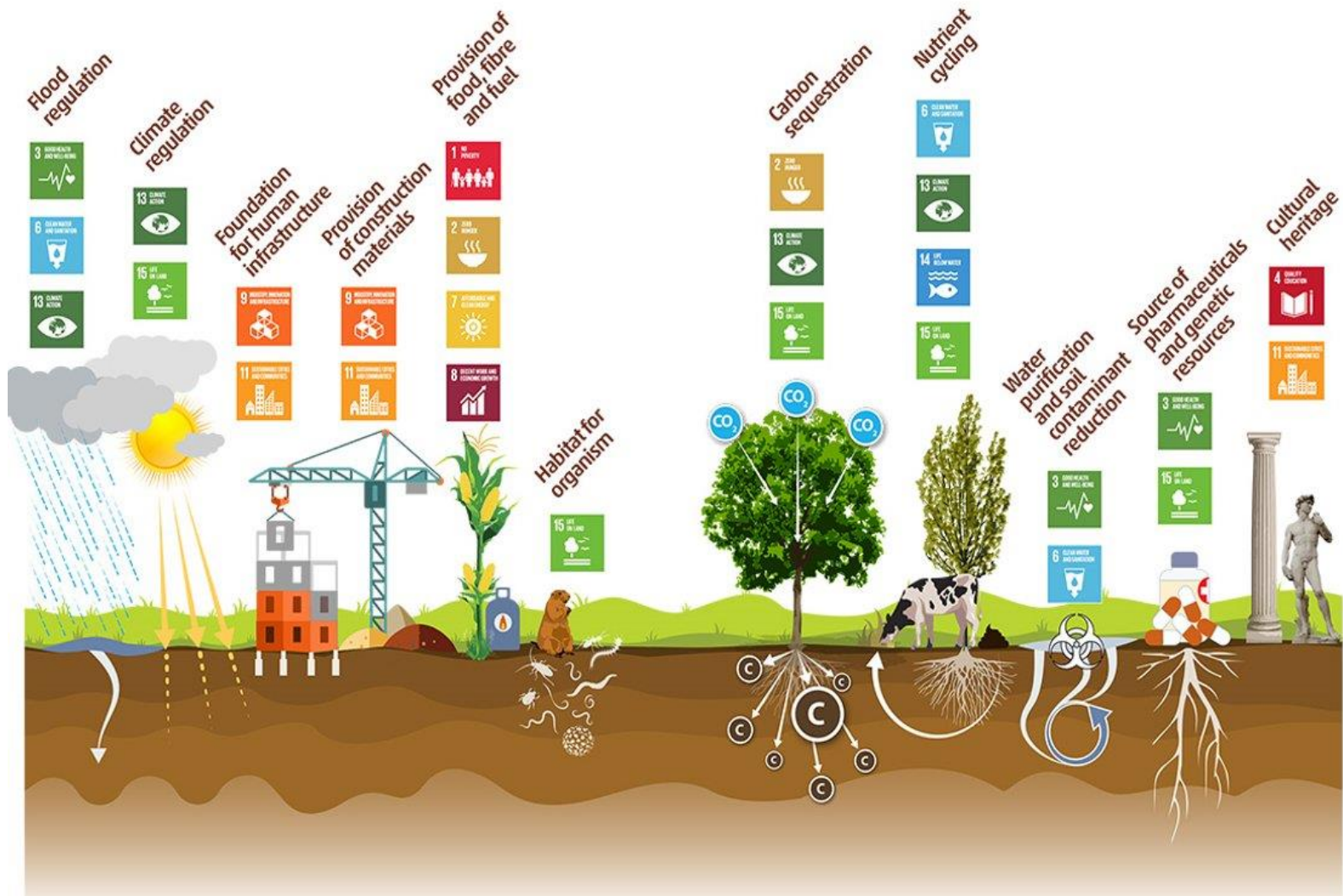


1 g of soil harbors up to

10^{10} microbiota

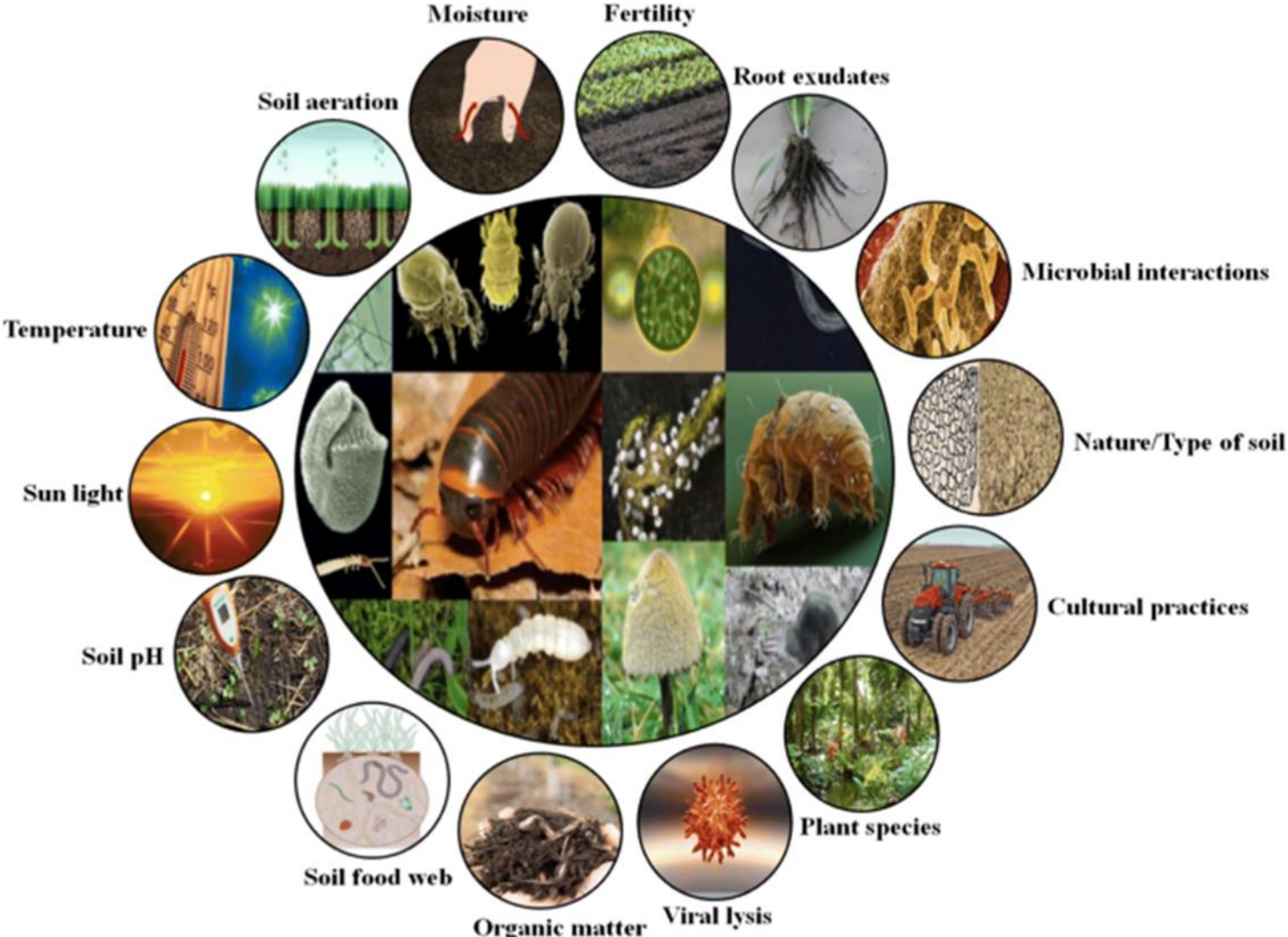
10^5 different species

Ecosystem services provided by soils



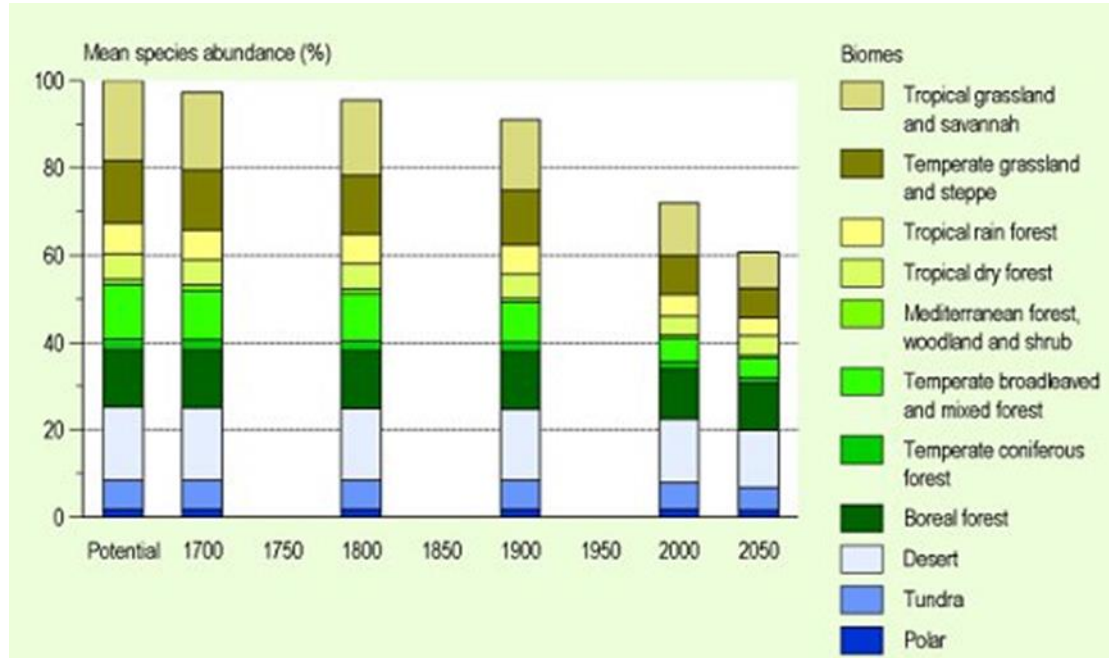
FAO, 2020

Drivers for microbial diversity in soils

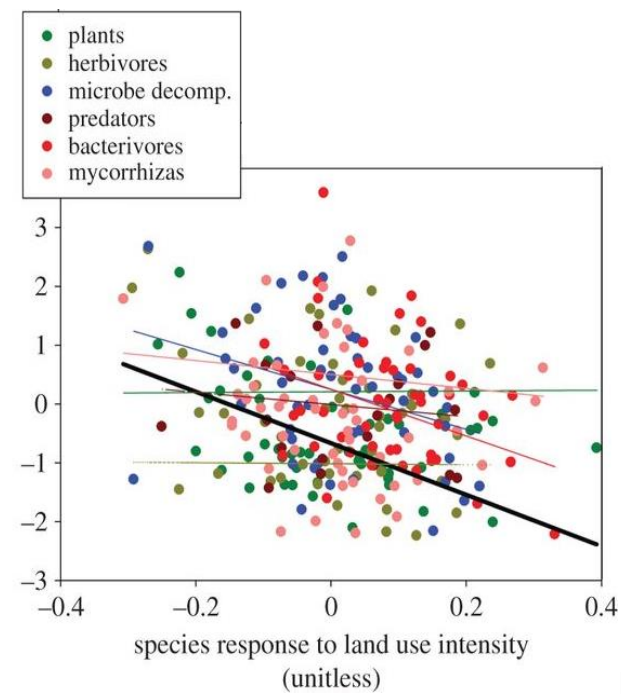


FAO, 2020

Biodiversity losses and drivers

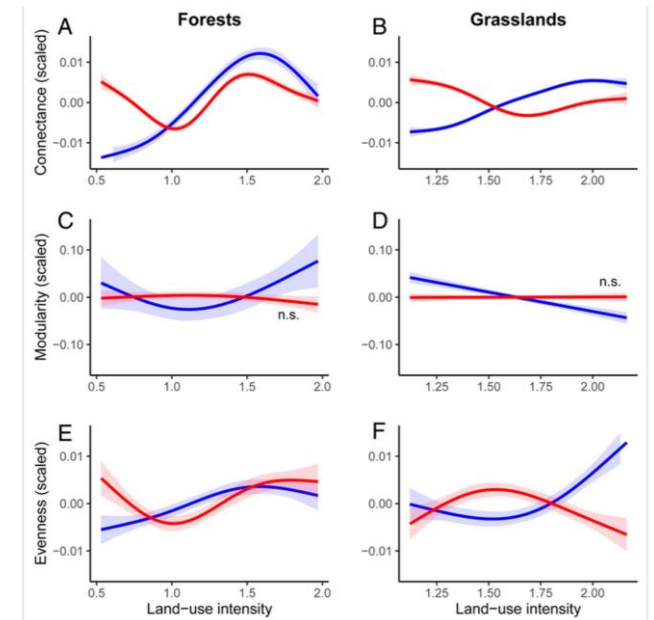


Source: World Wide Fund for Nature, 2005

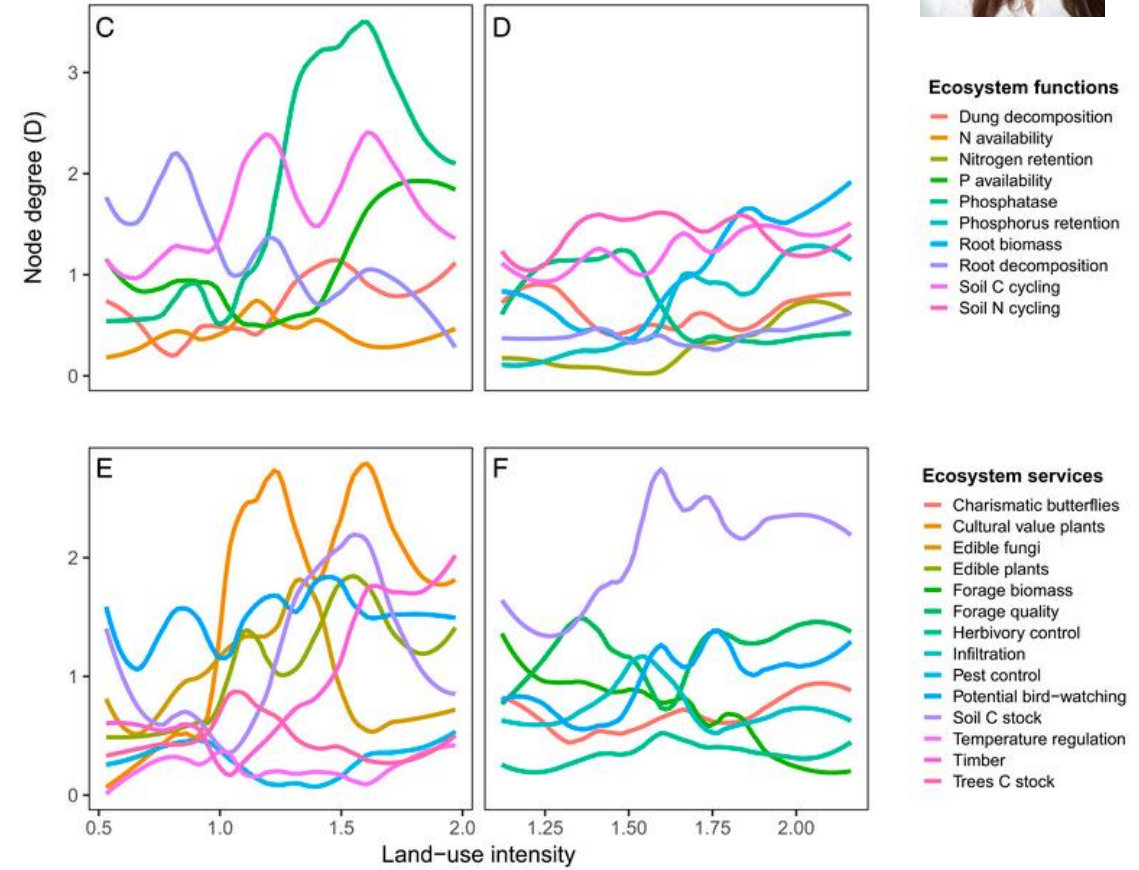
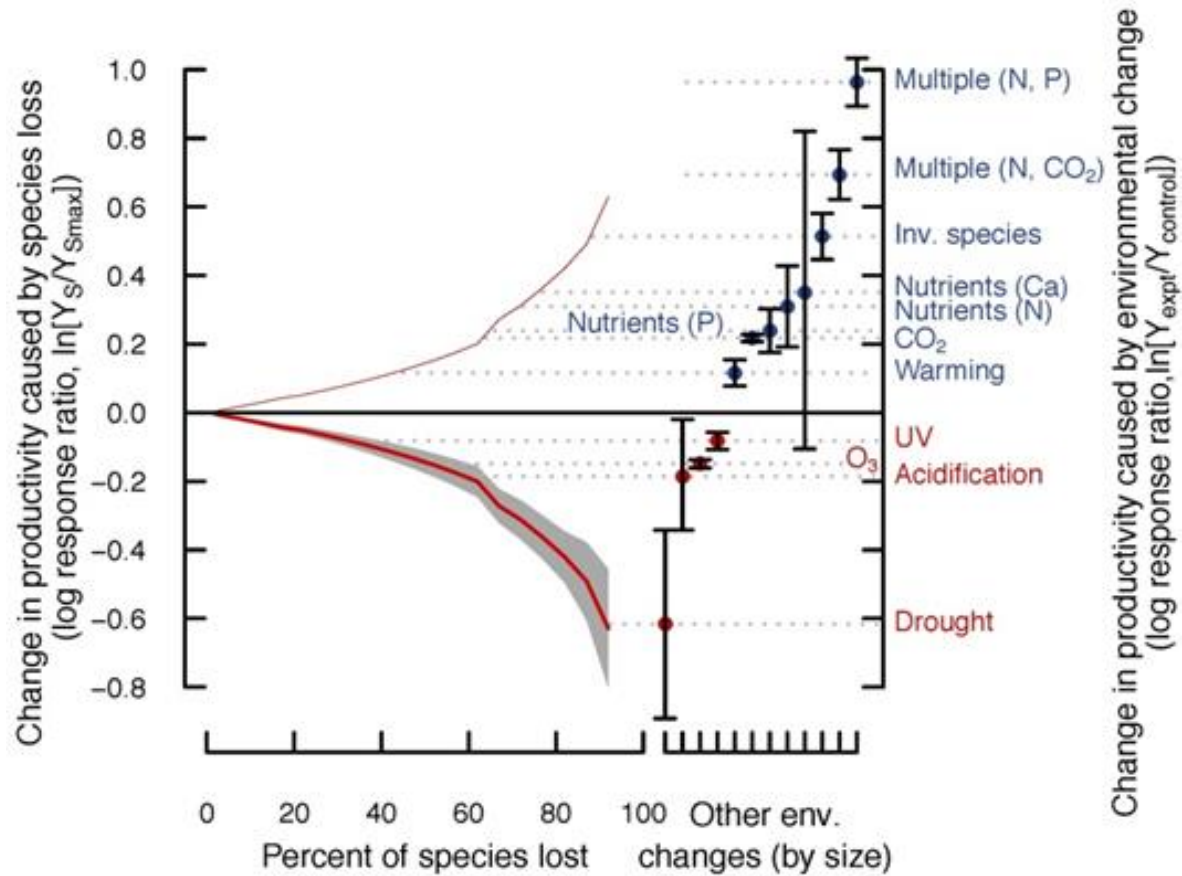


Solivares et al., Phil. Trans. R Soc. B. 2016
Solivares et al., Nature 2016

Felipe Lucia et al., PNAS. 2020



Biodiversity losses and cosequences



Allan et al., Ecology 2016
La Provost et al. Nature Ecol Evol. 2022

Felipe Lucia et al., PNAS. 2020
Neyret et al., Nat. Comm. 2024

Losses in (microbial) diversity

Fertilizers
N and P fertilizers affect microbial processes

Agricultural and industrial emissions
Anthropogenic climate change caused by high N_2O and CO_2 emissions from agriculture and industry affects microorganisms

Waste treatment
 CH_4

Ruminants
 CH_4
 CH_4

Eutrophication
Eutrophication perturbs microbial ecology

Microbial diversity
Anthropogenic climate change reduces microbial diversity and the functional capacity of microorganisms to support plant growth

Constructed wetlands
 CH_4

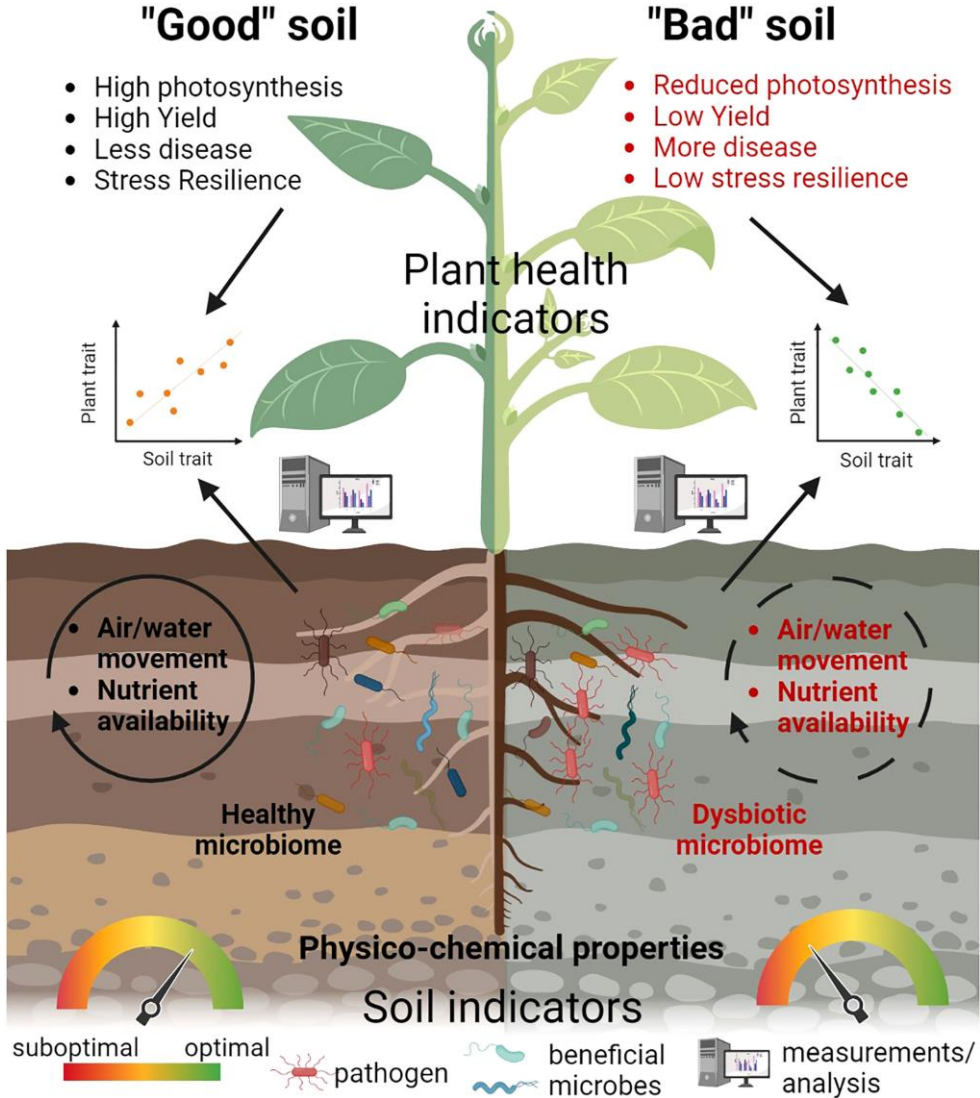
Extensive farming (grassland)
Land use directs microbial community composition

Intensive farming (wheat)
Land use directs microbial community composition

Rice paddies
Methanogens produce high levels of CH_4 , affecting climate change

Cavicchioli et al. 2019

Plant performance and soil quality



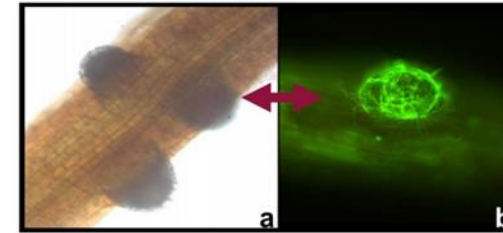
Giovannetti et al., 2022

The plant associated microbiome

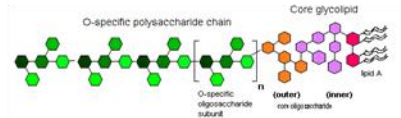


Plant probiotics (PGPR)

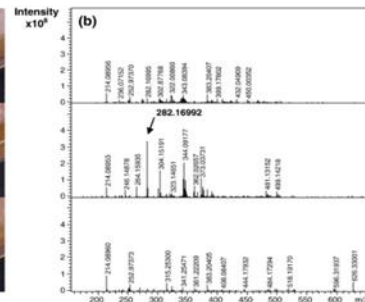
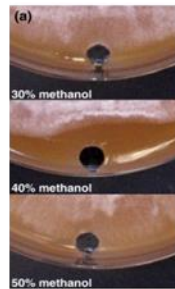
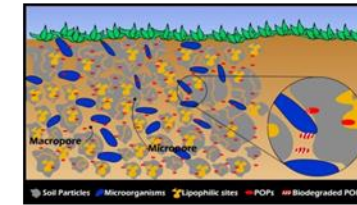
Water and nutrient uptake



UV protection

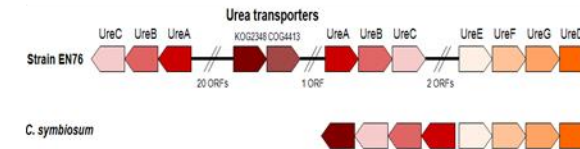


Degradation of pollutants



Biocontrol of phytopathogens

Nutrient mobilization



Berg et al., Front. Plant Sc. 2014

Aquisition strategies of barley plants for associated microbiota



Traits provided by the airborne microbiome:
 UV protection
 Biocontrol



Entry pathway via flowers and leaves:
 Quorum sensing,
 adhesion, chemotaxis



Transmission between generations



Traits provided by the seed microbiome:
 Osmoprotection
 ROS detoxification
 Phytohormone production
 P mobilization



Traits provided by the soil microbiome:
 Biocontrol
 Nutrient mobilization



Entry pathway via root:
 Quorum sensing,
 adhesion, chemotaxis



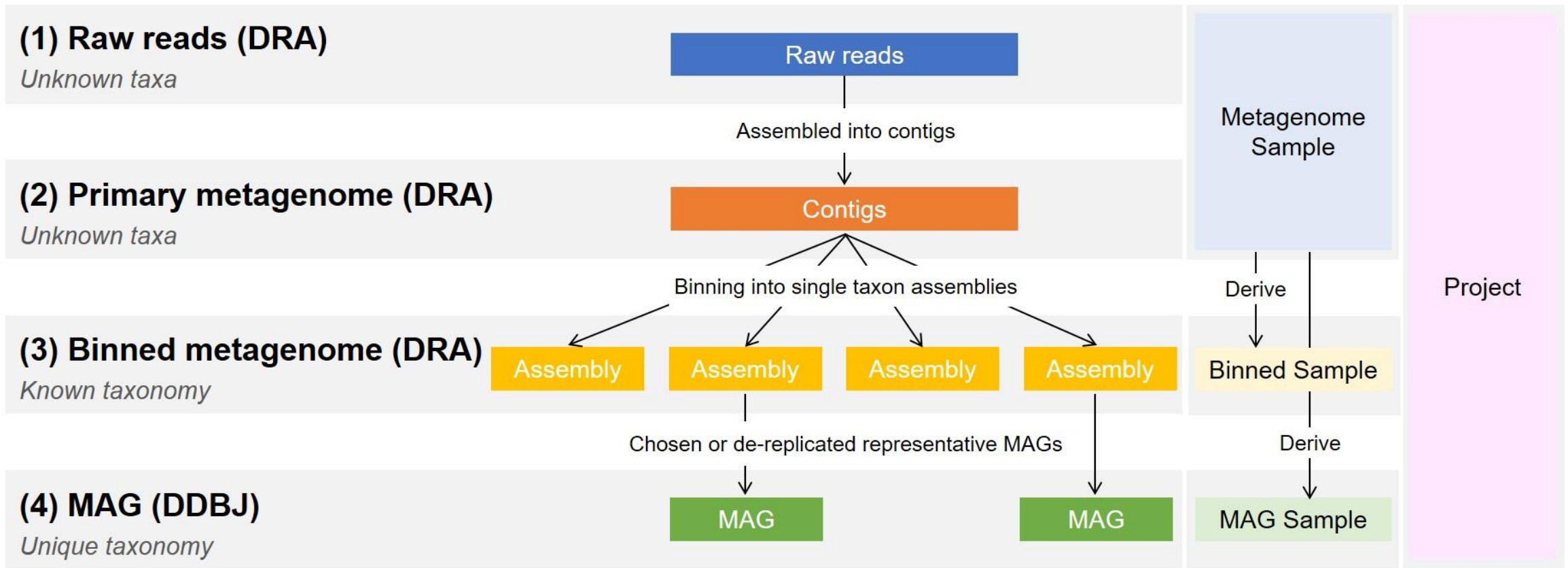
Radl et al. Microbiome 2020
 Young et al. Fron Microbiol 2020
 Fischer at al. Front. Microbiol. 2013
 Uksa et al., Appl. Env. Microbiol. 2015
 Uksa et al. Front. Microbiol. 2015
 Uksa et al. Microbial Ecol. 2017
 Young et al. sub.
 Vestergaard et al. sub
 Zadel et al., Env. Poll. 2022

Next generation agriculture for healthy food production in a healthy environment



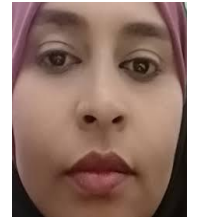
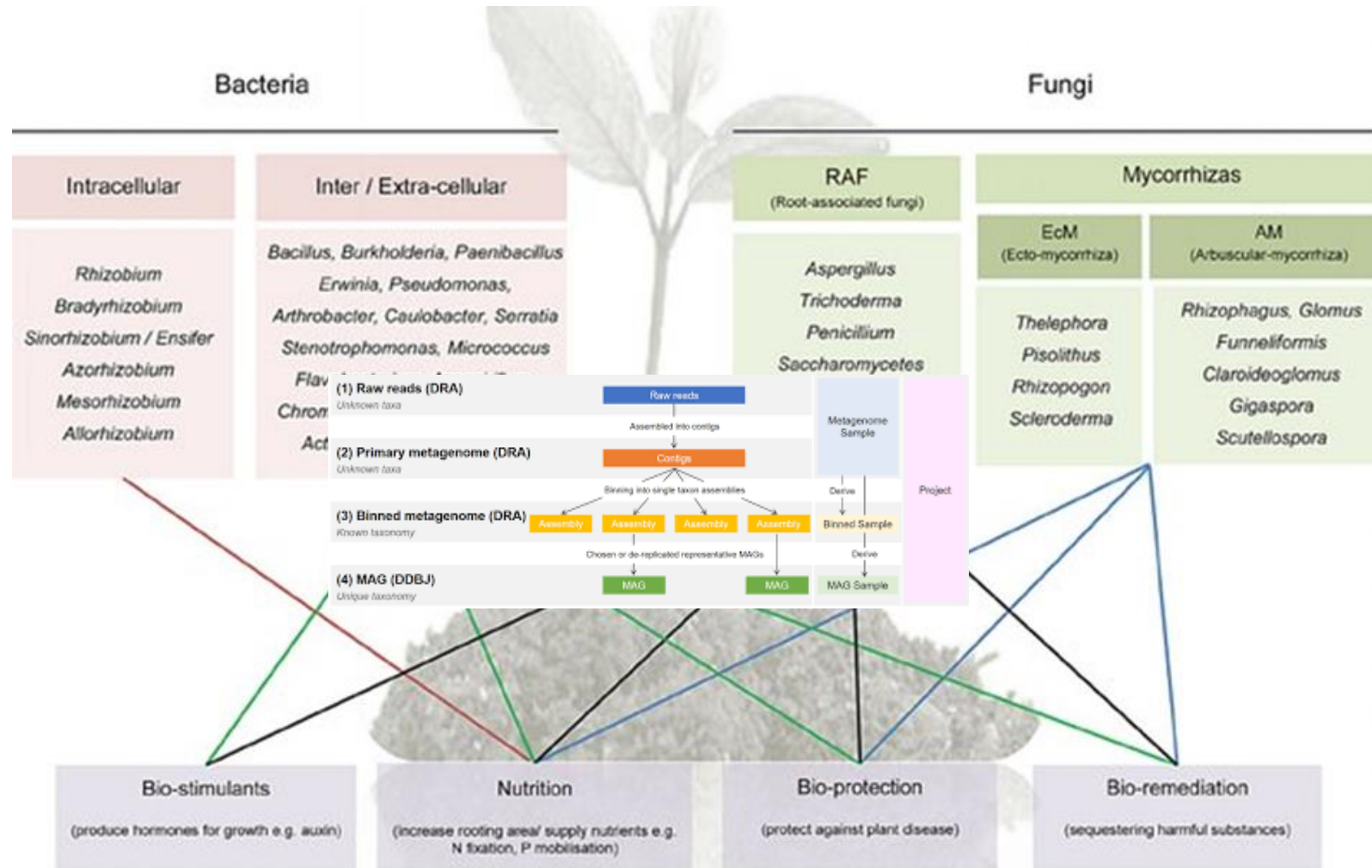
DFG Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

In silico metagenome assembly



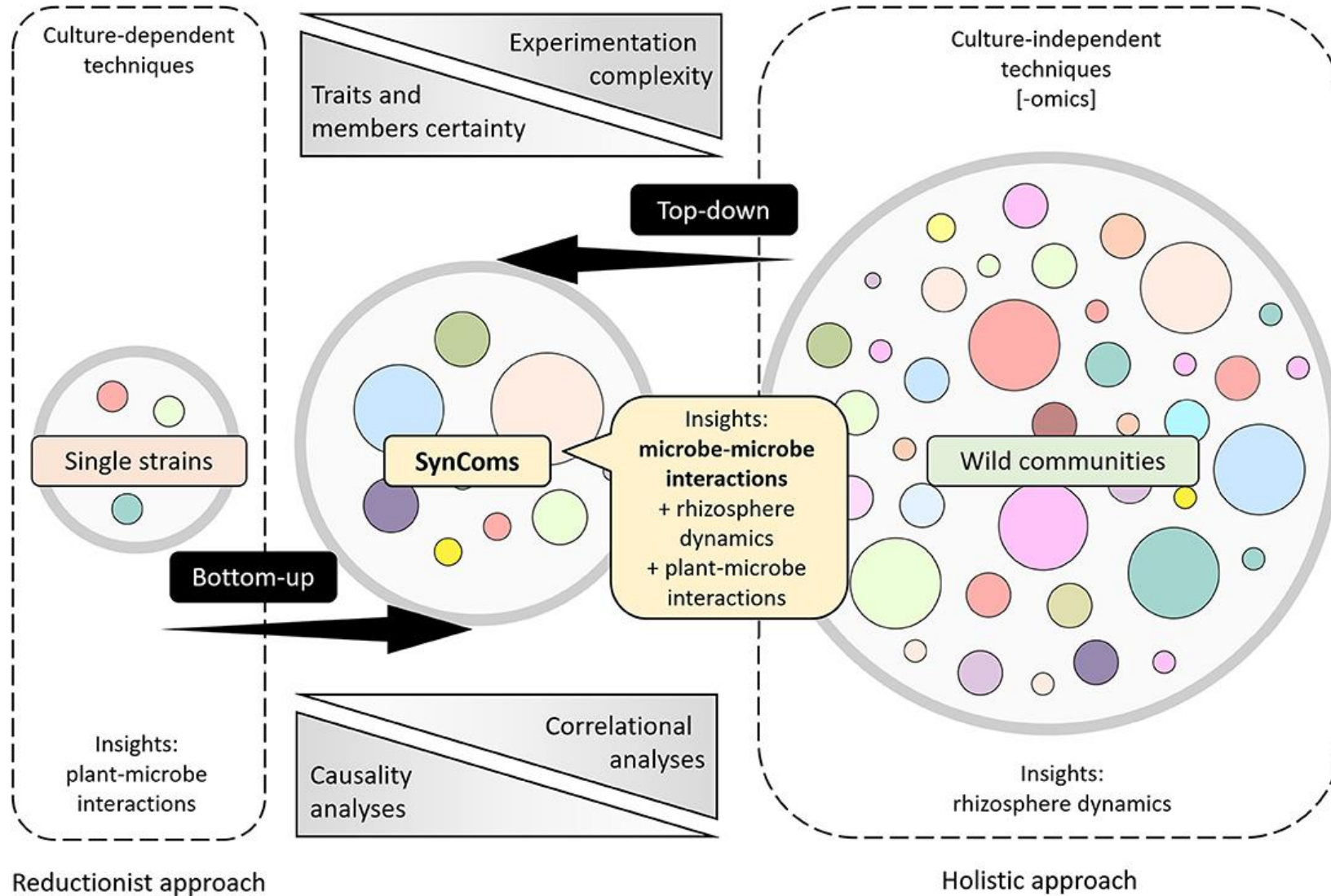
Targeted isolation of keystone taxa

Use of novel bioinocula



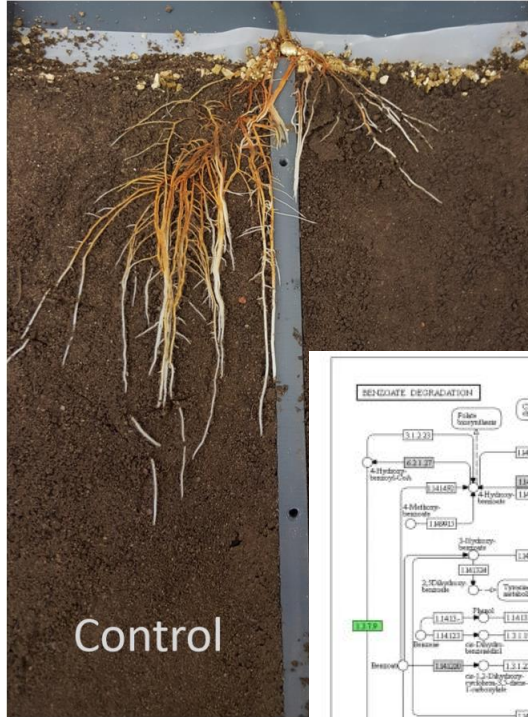
Chiba e al. Res. An. 2022
 Duffner et al Res. An. 2022
 Benning et al. Res. An 2022
 Zadel et al. Res An. 2022
 Wang et al. Res. An 2022
 Mohamed et al. Res An. 2023.

Use of novel bioinocula

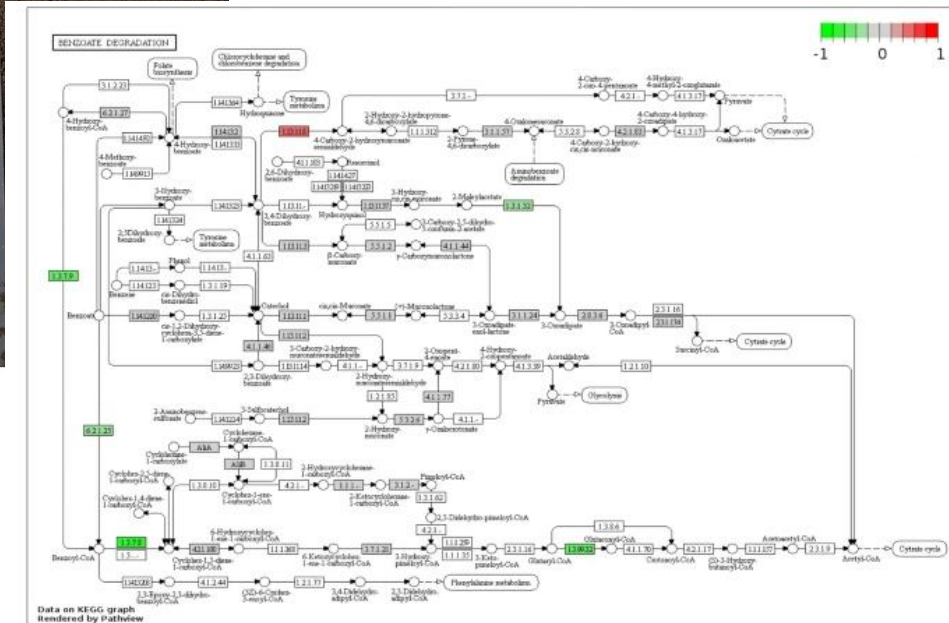


Marin et . 2022

Use of novel bioinocula (Apple replant disease)

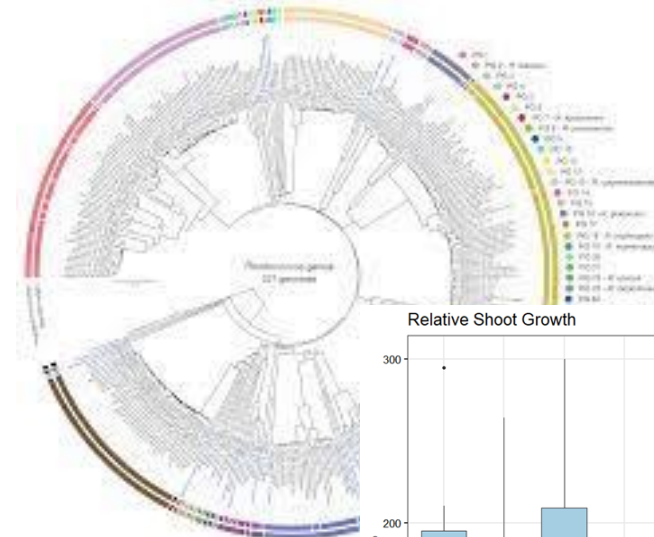


Metagenomics reconstruction of phenyl degrading pathways

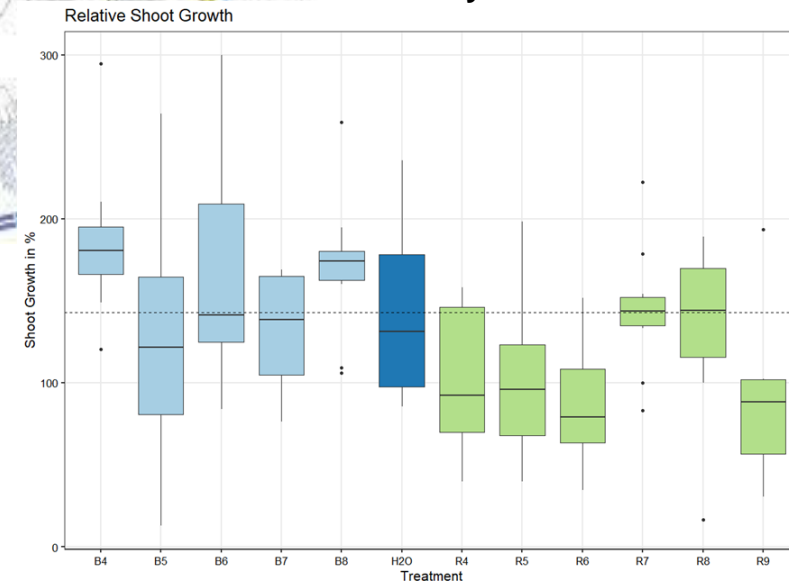


Multifunctional Bioinoculum (Rhodococcus, Bacillus, AMF)

Genomic reconstruction of isolated Rhodococcus strains



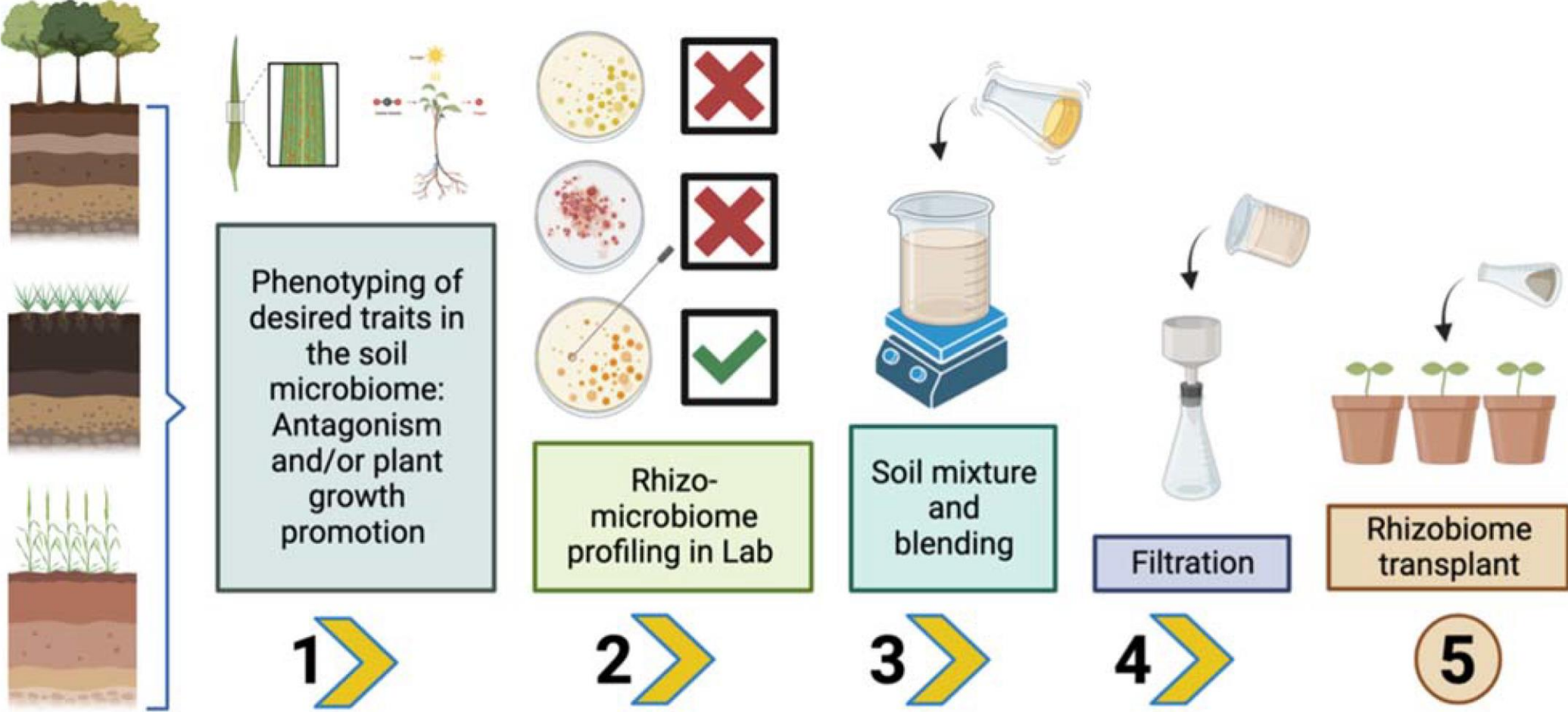
Plant growth promoting bioassay



Radl et al. Microbiome 2020
 Benning et al. Arch. Microb. 2022
 Mahnkopf et al. Front. Microb. 2022
 Mahnkopf et al. Host – Mic. Inter. 2021
 Mohamed et al. eSystems 2024



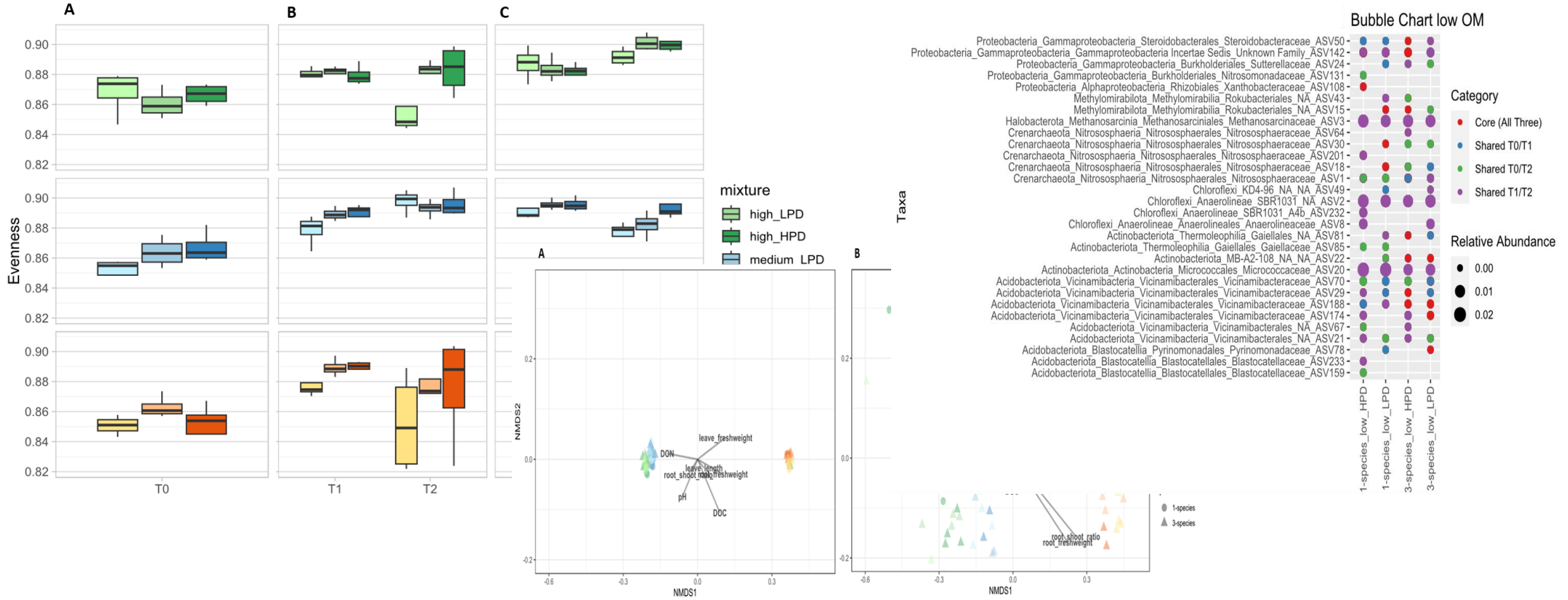
Soil transplantation



Soil transplantation



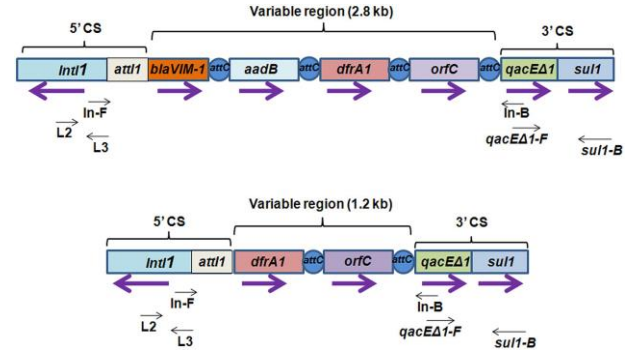
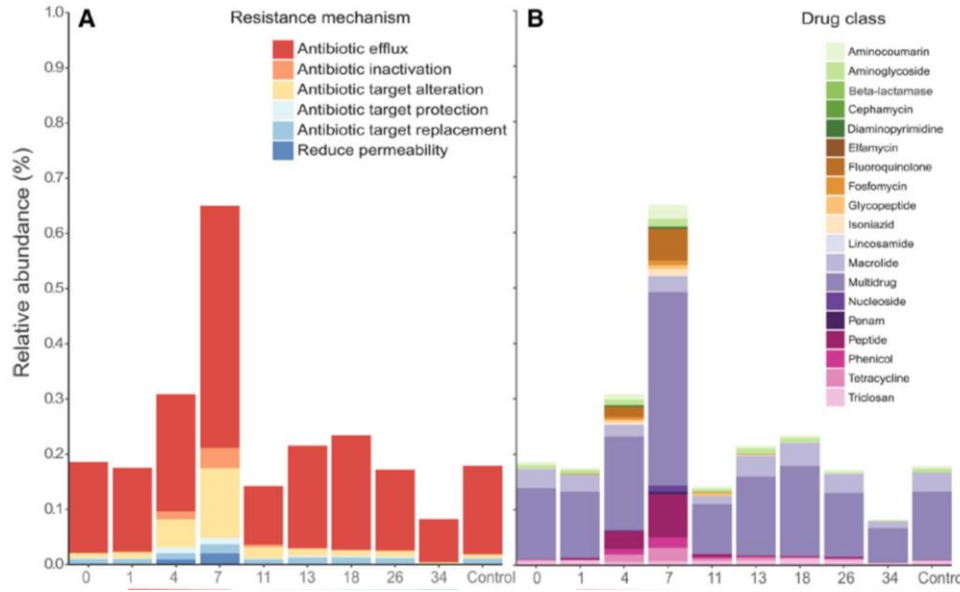
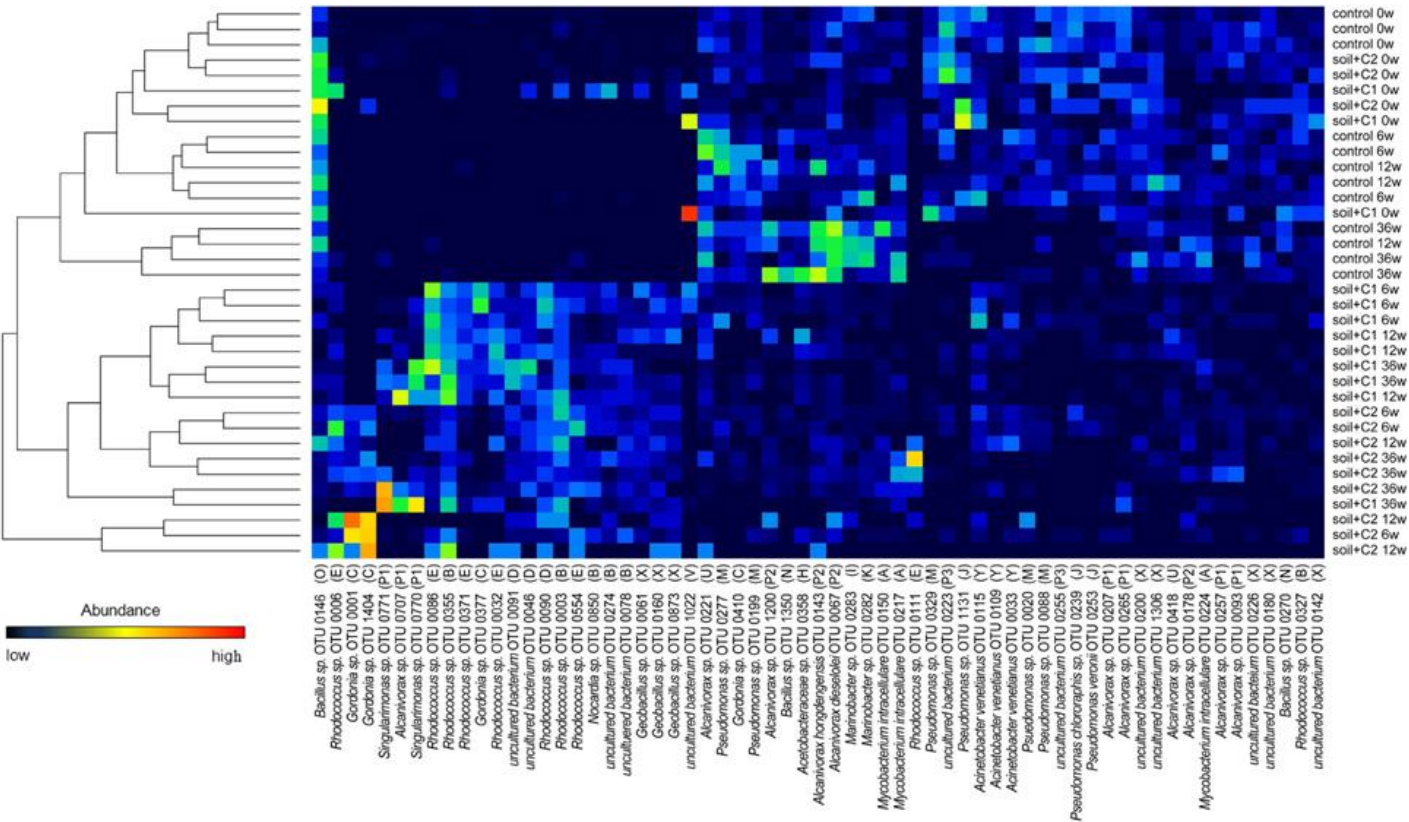
Richness after soil transplantation



Schröder et al., sub.

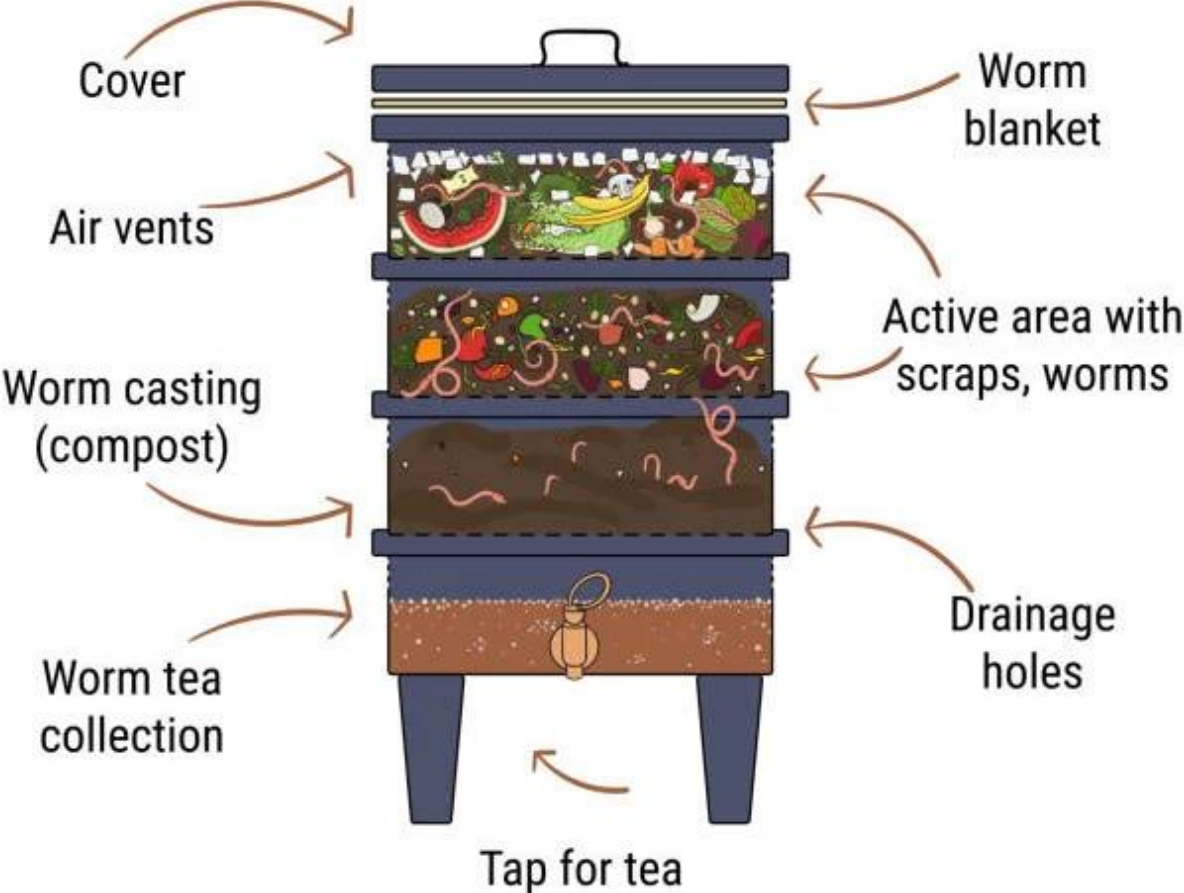


Composts using substrates from urban environments



Wallisch et al., sub.

Composts using substrates from urban environments



More reproducible ?

Less pathogens/AMR ?

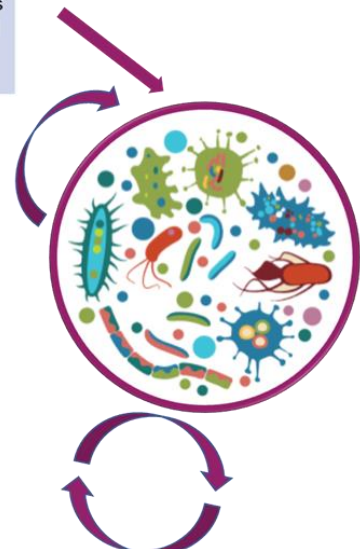
Higher quality ?

Next generation agriculture for healthy food production in a healthy environment



Applications directed to microbiome and system improvements

- Prebiotics
- Single strain microbiome applications (e.g. fermentation starters, biofertilisers, biopesticides)
- Microbiome consortia applications (e.g. rumen transfaunation, faecal microbiota transplant, soil transplants)

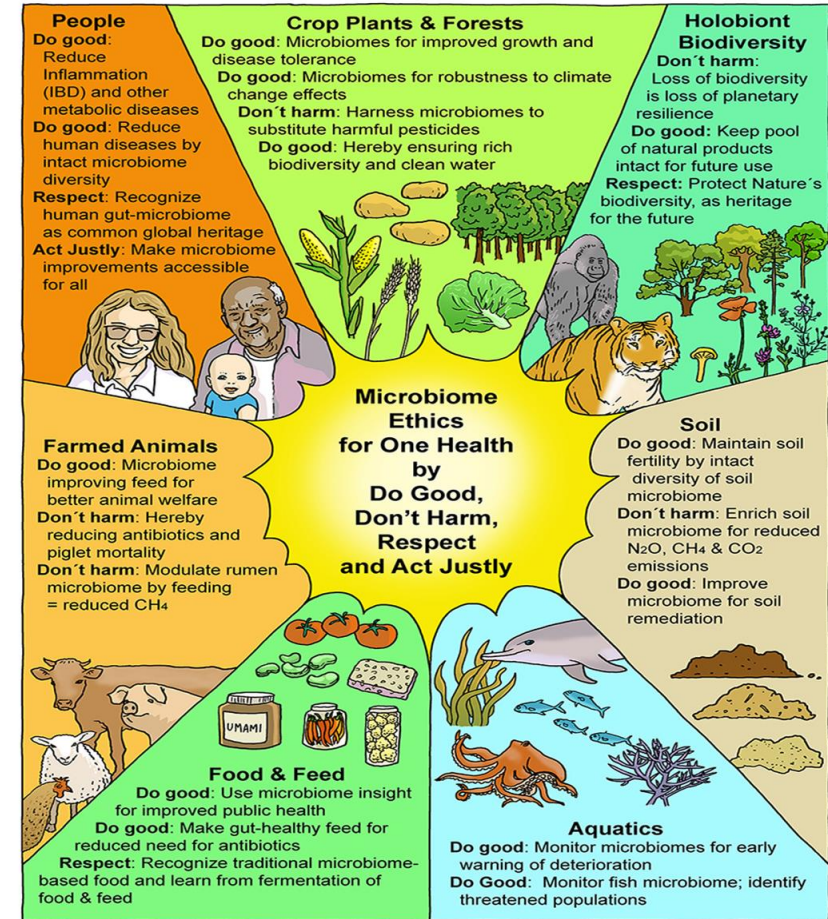


Applications derived from microbiome understanding

- Enzymes
- Signalling molecules
- Metabolite-based therapeutics

Analytical tools derived from microbiome understanding

- Health biomarkers
- Response prediction tools (e.g. to diet, pharmacological therapies or environmental applications)
- Monitoring tools (e.g. hygiene or resistance potential)



Kostic et al. Trends Microbiol. 2022

Lange et al. Microbiome 2022



BILL & MELINDA
GATES foundation



HELMHOLTZ
MUNICH



Thanks for your attention



DAAD

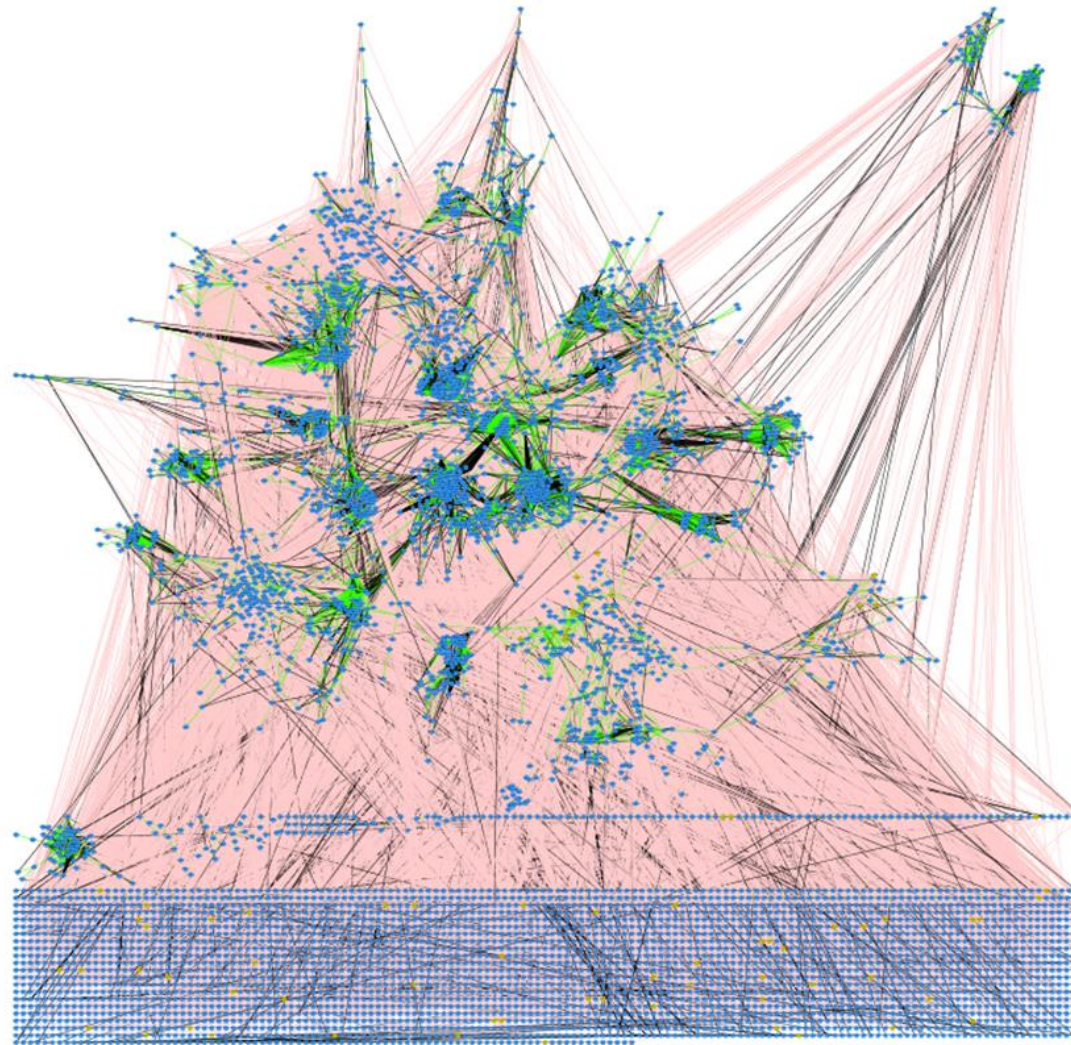
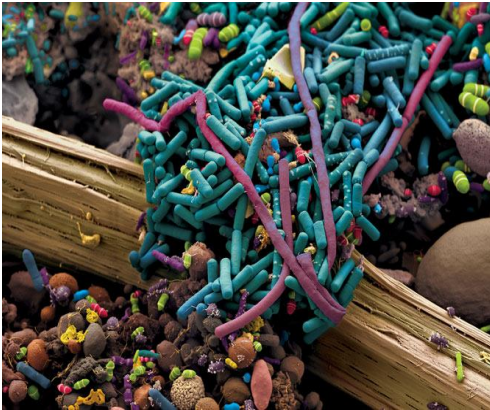


HORSCH

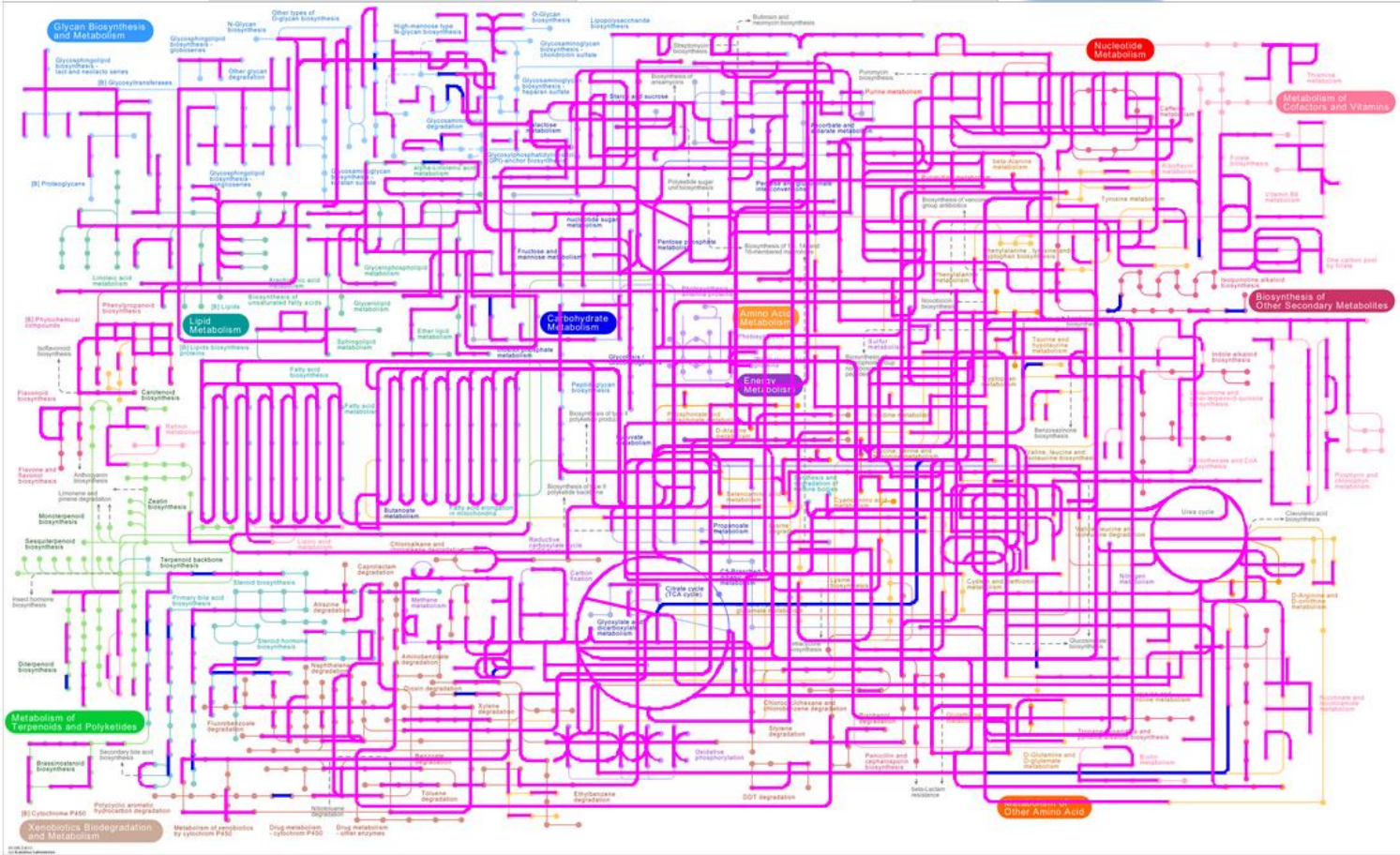
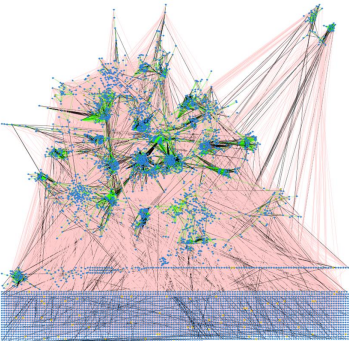
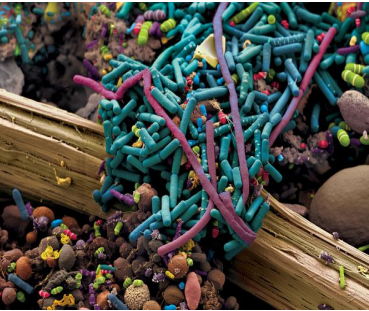
From single microbes to microbial communities



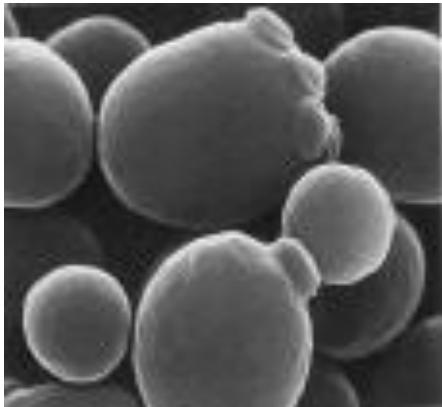
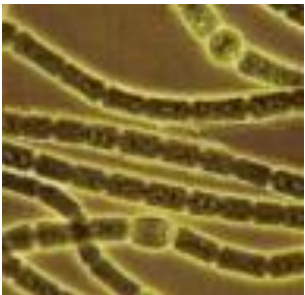
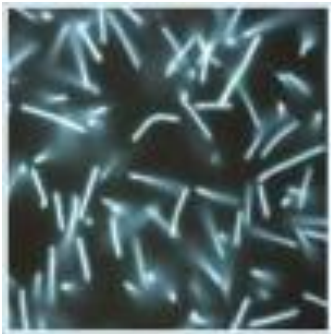
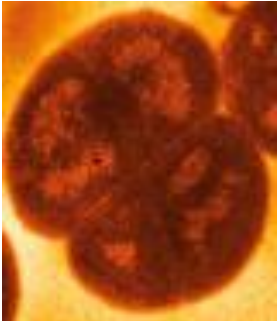
From single microbes to microbial communities



From single microbes to microbial communities



Microbiota



Postulates of Koch (1896)

„Wenn nun die Diphtherie eine durch Mikroorganismen bedingte Krankheit ist, so müssen sich auch bei ihr jene drei Postulate erfüllen lassen, deren Erfüllung für den strikten Beweis der parasitären Natur einer jeden derartigen Krankheit unumgänglich notwendig ist:

Es müssen constant in den local erkrankten Partien Organismen in typischer Anordnung nachgewiesen werden.

Die Organismen, welchen nach ihrem Verhalten zu den erkrankten Teilen eine Bedeutung für das Zustandekommen dieser Veränderungen beizulegen wäre, müssen isoliert und rein gezüchtet werden.

Mit den Reinkulturen muss die Krankheit wieder erzeugt werden können.“

Postulates of Koch (1896) - revised

„Wenn nun die Diphtherie eine durch Mikroorganismen bedingte Krankheit ist, so müssen sich auch bei ihr jene drei Postulate erfüllen lassen, deren Erfüllung für den strikten Beweis der parasitären Natur einer jeden derartigen Krankheit unumgänglich notwendig ist:

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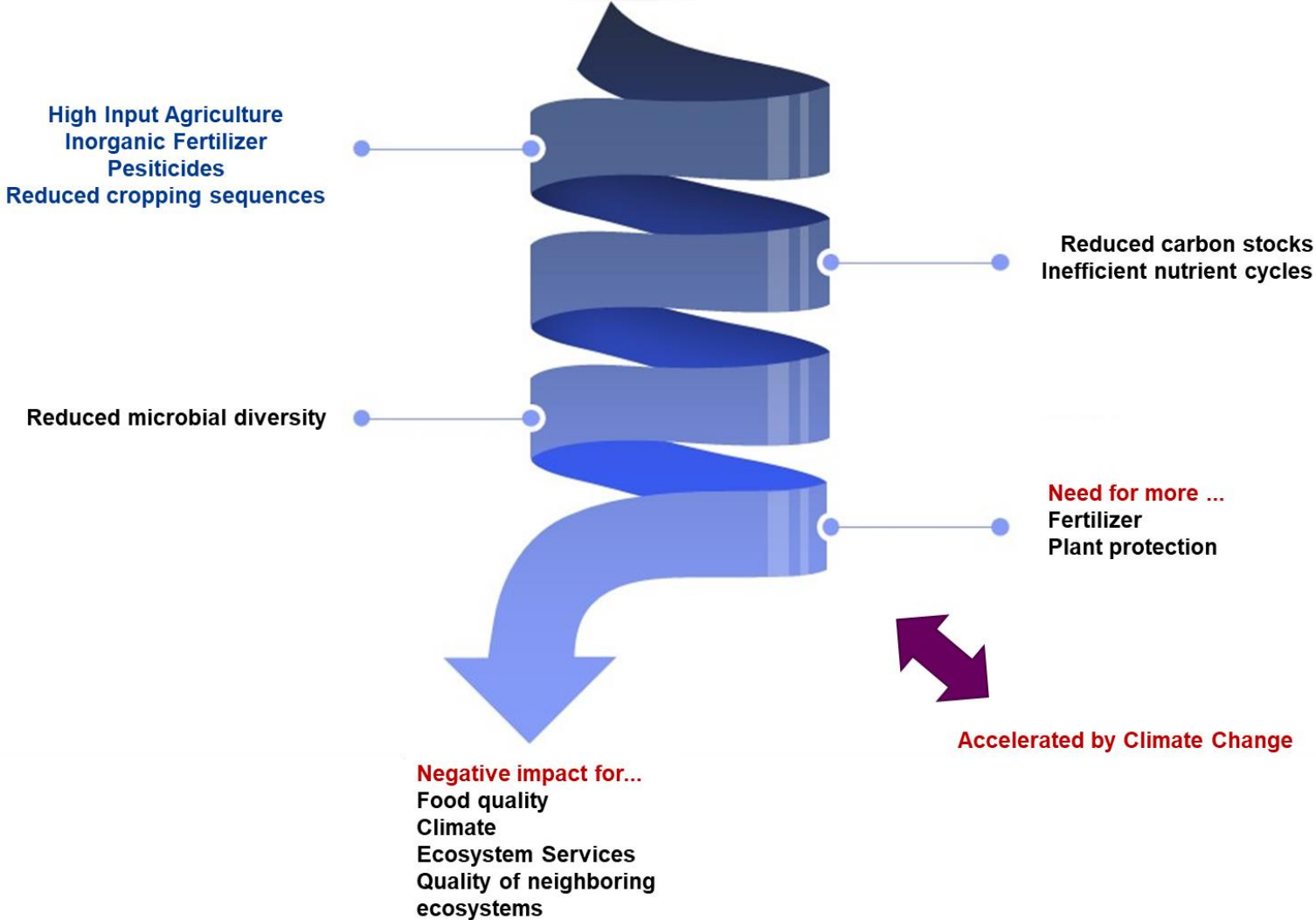
Mit den Reinkulturen muss die Krankheit wieder erzeugt werden können.“

Microbiomes are strongly interacting microbes that have built up stable network structures, which determine resilience of ecosystems more than total diversity

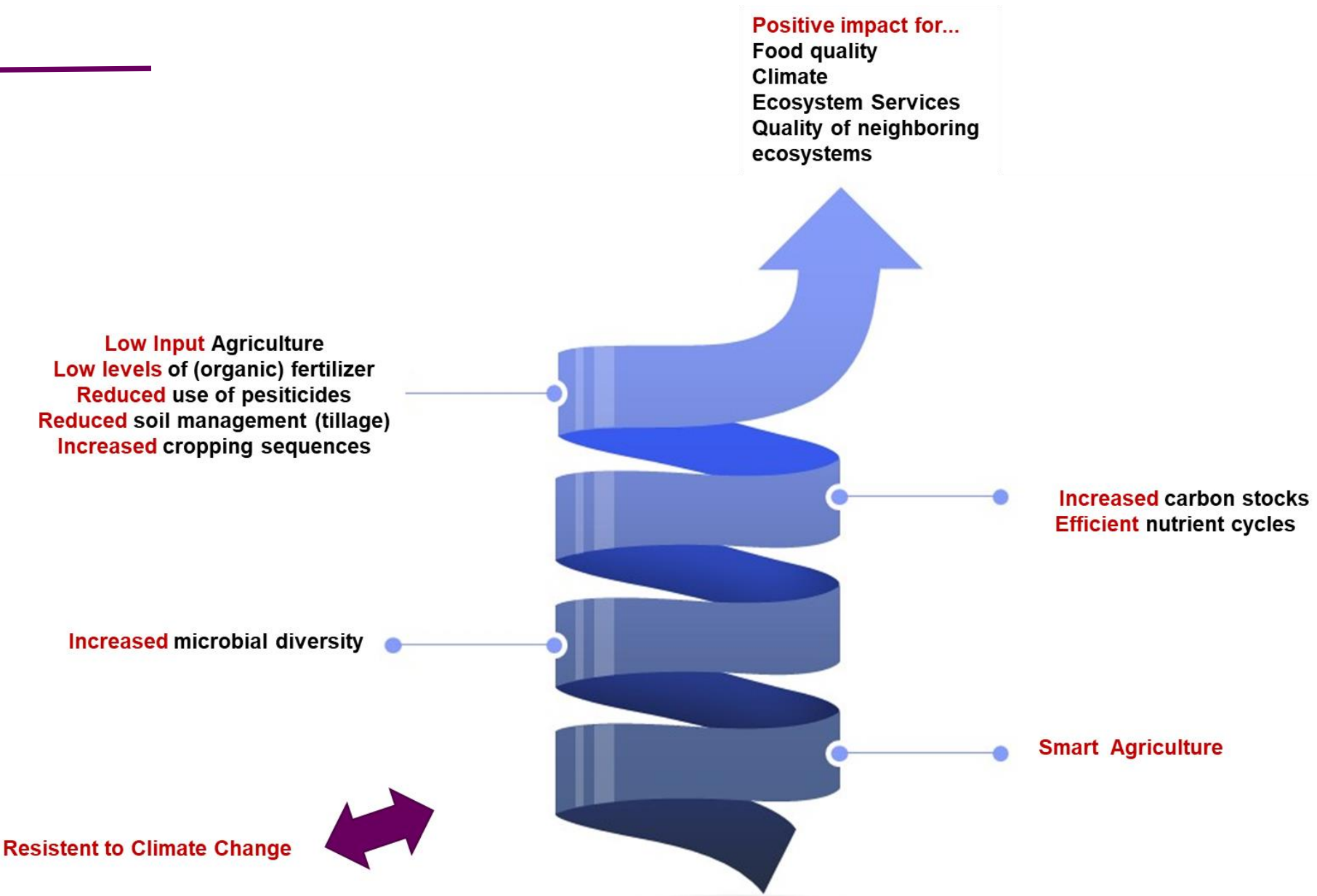
The functionality of the microbiome is mainly determined by the position of the organisms in the consortium and is syntrophic or antagonistic behavior towards neighbors

The core microbiome is a small subunit of the total microbes present in an environment

Problems of modern agriculture



Solutions ?



Solutions ?

